

Risk Assessment (Paint Means Poo Campaign)

Subject: Volunteers will spray dog poo with an eco-friendly spray paint to highlight a problem of dog fouling in their area.

Identified hazards.	Severity	Likelihood	Risk Rating	Implement the following control measures	Severity	Likelihood	Final Risk
Paint in eyes	4	2	8	<p>Fully read and follow the instructions on the spray paint can.</p> <p>Hold can at arm's length when operating. Do not spray when wind is blowing toward you or in anyone else's direction.</p> <p>If you get paint in eyes, wash eyes immediately with water for several minutes. Then consult a doctor.</p>	4	1	4
Paint on skin or clothing	2	2	4	<p>Fully read and follow the instructions on the spray paint can.</p> <p>Hold can at arm's length when operating.</p> <p>Do not spray when wind is blowing toward you or in anyone else's direction.</p> <p>If you get paint on skin wash with soap and rinse thoroughly. If skin irritation continues, consult a doctor.</p>	2	1	2
Inhalation of paint	4	2	8	<p>Fully read and follow the instructions on the spray paint can.</p> <p>Do not spray when wind is blowing toward you or in anyone else's direction. Use sensibly. If necessary, supply fresh air, consult doctor in case of symptoms.</p>	4	1	4

Identified hazards.	Severity	Likelihood	Risk Rating	Implement the following control measures	Severity	Likelihood	Final Risk
Injury arising from affixing posters	2	2	4	Position posters within arms-reach only If using cable ties to affix, trim excess off with large standard scissors, to avoid injury to members of the public If help is required please contact DDC	2	1	2
Injury from unknown items	2	2	4	Carefully inspect the immediate area ahead of where you are walking, look for sharp or pointed protrusions, low hanging branches or other signs of potential hazard. Do not touch any sharp objects.	2	1	2
Ground conditions – potential trip, slips and falls	2	2	4	Be wary of uneven ground and trip hazards including trailing vegetation Maintain awareness of ground conditions: potholes, uneven ground or rabbit holes. Wear appropriate footwear: sturdy shoes, boots or trainers	2	1	2
Car parks and roads	5	2	10	Maintain focus when crossing streets and be aware of surroundings at all times. Be aware of cars, potentially trying to park, maintain vigilance. Volunteers not to spray on roads but to remain on pavements, paths and green spaces. Keep away from the edge of the road as far as possible Wear light or reflective clothing	5	1	5

Identified hazards.	Severity	Likelihood	Risk Rating	Implement the following control measures	Severity	Likelihood	Final Risk
Inclement Weather	2	2	4	Wear suitable shoes and clothing. Check weather forecast. If necessary, postpone spraying until weather improves, if necessary wait until the following day.	2	1	2
Treading in unnoticed poo	2	2	4	Carefully inspect the immediate area ahead of where you are walking. If necessary, use gloves to clean and wash the contaminated item thoroughly. Have cleansing products available nearby. (E.g. Sterile hand gel, wet wipes, paper towels)	2	1	2
Contracting illness through contact with poo	3	2	6	Have cleansing products available nearby. (E.g. Sterile hand gel, wet wipes, paper towels). Wash hands thoroughly when finished.	3	1	3
Contact with general public	4	2	8	Volunteers should avoid putting themselves at risk and are advised not to confront dog owners who fail to pick up after their dogs. Ensure someone knows where you are and what time you will be back Where appropriate use the dog fouling leaflet to give information on campaign Refer public to DDC contact with questions	4	1	4



Severity Rating: 1 – 5 where 1 has the potential to cause minor injury and 5 has the potential to cause major injury.

Likelihood Rating: 1 – 5 where 1 is unlikely to occur and 5 is highly likely to occur.

A final risk rating of 0 – 10 is considered acceptable.

A final risk rating of 11 – 25 is considered unacceptable.

The risks are within acceptable levels but all control measures should be followed to keep risks to a minimum.

Person responsible for ensuring compliance with control measures is the point of contact.

Assessment updated by Sally Johnson / Paul Knight Date: 7 September 2017 Review date: September 2018